

Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

A Division of the



Comprehensive Community Plan

County: Harrison

LCC: Substance Abuse Prevention Coalition for a Drug-Free Harrison County

Date Due: September 2014

Date Submitted: September 23, 2014

New Plan X Plan Update

LCC Contact: Jeff Skaggs

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County Commissioners: Harrison County Commissioners

Address: 300 N. Capitol Avenue

City: Corydon, IN

Zip Code: 47112

Plan Summary

Mission Statement:

Our mission is to provide an organization through which the community can plan and implement efforts to address the problems of youth and adult substance abuse and dependency to improve the quality of life in Harrison County.

Our values:

- We believe in the potential goodness of all people and that the healthy development of our citizens is being threatened by the problems and challenges of drug use in today's culture.
- Our purpose is to make a positive difference in the area of substance abuse issues.
- Therefore, we will act to coordinate existing services and networks to stimulate the development of new responses to substance abuse issues, to create community awareness, and to join in advocacy for the maintenance and improvement of standards and services to end substance abuse and dependency in Harrison County.

History:

The Harrison County Substance Abuse Coalition was formed in 1990 as a local coordinating council in association with the Governor's Commission for a Drug-Free Indiana. The coalition developed its first comprehensive community plan for substance abuse reduction in 1990 and has updated this guiding document every year since. The coalition serves all residents of Harrison County, Indiana.

The primary purpose of the grassroots coalition is the reduction of substance abuse through three avenues: prevention/education, treatment/intervention, law enforcement/justice planning and program development. Support is available to local service providers through annual local grants from the Harrison County Drug-Free Communities Fund.

A vital function of the coalition is community education and resource building. Throughout the years we have participated in many community events such as health fairs, 4-H fairs, and community parades in an attempt to raise the profile of the coalition and raise awareness about substance abuse. In the prevention arena we are moving toward greater use of evidence-based prevention methods and have provided considerable education to prevention service providers on this topic.

Since 1990, the coalition has supported a wide range of initiatives related to substance abuse prevention, treatment, and law enforcement. We have provided significant support to recovery programs and have addressed correlated issues such as crime prevention and problem gambling education. The coalition has also been a past Federal Drug-Free Communities Grant recipient. In 2012 the coalition received a Communities that Care grant.

Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan:

The comprehensive community plan for 2011 will address two problem areas.

Youth and adults in the county abuse alcohol.

Youth and adults in the county abuse prescription and over the counter drugs.

Each of these problems is associated with our major focuses of prevention/education, treatment/intervention, and law enforcement/justice. We have carefully considered these issues and believe they are representative of the most pressing needs in our community. The supportive data and recommended actions to address these issues are provided within this plan.

LCC's Role in the Allocation Process:

Our planning process is facilitated through our public meeting process, community surveys, newspaper articles, and education meetings. Through this method community problems and needs are identified and action steps are created for the coming year. Community service providers are then asked to design programs and services to impact these problems.

Although the final authority for allocations from the Harrison County Drug-Free Communities Fund rests with the County Commissioners and the County Council, the Coalition actively advises these bodies on the best use of funds. The annual comprehensive plan serves as a basic planning document; service providers make proposals for the use of these funds based on identified community needs and recommended actions. The local coordinating council then monitors progress on local grants throughout the year.

Membership List

County LCC Name: Harrison County Substance Abuse Prevention Coalition Local Coordinating Council

| Name | Organization | Race | Gender | Category |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|------------------------|
| Kim Grizzel | Boys and Girls Club | White | Female | Prevention |
| Steve Morris | Lanesville High School | White | Female | Education |
| Cheryl Lone | Corydon Elementary School | White | Female | Education |
| Shelly Abel | Harrison County Alternative School | White | Female | Education |
| Debbie Longoria | The Next Step | White | Female | Self-Help |
| Denise Griffiths | Healthy Families | White | Female | Prevention |
| Janna Hocker | Volunteer | White | Female | Prevention |
| Jeff Skaggs | Harrison County Adult Probation | White | Male | Justice |
| Roger Corley | YMCA | White | Male | Civic Organization |
| Sheila Singh | Blue River Service's Safe Place | White | Female | Youth |
| Annette Lawler | Purdue Extension | White | Female | Youth |
| JoAnn Speith-Saylor | Corydon Democrat | White | Female | Media |
| Judy Woods | Community Services | White | Female | Civic Organization |
| Katharine Sadler | Indiana Prevention Resource Center | White | Female | Prevention |
| Tracy Webber | Laff Works | White | Female | Media |
| Kevin Darst | House of New Beginnings | White | Male | Treatment |
| Otto Schalk | Harrison Co. Prosecutors Office | White | Male | Justice |
| Leslie Robertson | Harrison County Volunteer | White | Female | Government |
| Lisa Long | Harrison County Chamber of Commerce | White | Female | Business |
| Manda Bussabarger | Corydon Middle School | White | Female | Education |
| Marie Brennan | Brandon's House | White | Female | Treatment |
| MeriBeth Adams-Wolf | Our Place | White | Female | Prevention & Treatment |
| Ray Saylor | Milltown Police Department | White | Male | Justice |
| Robin Rhodes | South Central High School | White | Female | Education |
| Curtis Eskew | Harrison County Superior Court | White | Male | Justice |
| Steve Gilliland | Harrison County Community Foundation | White | Male | Civic Organization |
| Susan Parr | Brandon's House | White | Female | Treatment |

Problem Identification

A. Problem Statement #1: Youth and adults in the county abuse alcohol.

B. Supportive Data:

Prevention/Education

1. Results from the 2014 community survey show that adults believe that some of the most difficult problems facing a teen in our community are alcohol abuse (62%), illegal substance abuse (49%), and methamphetamine (41%).
2. The Indiana Youth Survey is given in Indiana schools each year. In 2013 Harrison County's 8th (8%) and 10th (6%) grade monthly alcohol usage was slightly higher than the state average.
3. Indiana Department of Education reports 5 Expulsions and Suspensions due to drugs, alcohol and weapons for 2007-2008. ** IDOE website continues not to be updated since Year 1's report.
4. Wyandotte and Summit View youth group homes estimate that 90% of both male and female residents have substance abuse related issues, either personally or in their immediate family.
5. Our Place provided 381 Harrison County 2nd graders with Footprints, an evidence-based substance abuse prevention curriculum, for the 2013/2014 school year.

Treatment/Intervention

1. As of August 2014 The House of New Beginnings report 62 men entered their program and 11 successfully completed a six month stay.
2. Harrison County has 19 AA, 5 NA, and 2 Al-Anon meetings per week.
3. Lifespring's Harrison County office treated 21 people with direct substance abuse issues initial issues during Fiscal Year 2014. They still suspect more patients often divulge secondary substance abuse criteria as treatment evolves.
4. Brandon's House provided 189 counseling sessions for youth and their families from Harrison County with substance abuse issues in 2013.
5. Approximately 25% of the Harrison County Alternative School student referrals in the 2013/2014 school year were for students using alcohol, tobacco or other drugs.
6. Our Place reports at the time of this report 10 juveniles had been referred to them for treatment.

Law Enforcement/Justice

1. The Harrison County Prosecutor's Office filed 134 alcohol criminal charges for 2013. They speculate that several more were alcohol-related but only alcohol charges were tracked.
2. The adult probation department reported as of August 2014 having 201 alcohol and drug related cases.
3. The juvenile probation department estimated as of August 2014 having 250 juvenile cases of which 42 were substance abuse related.

End of Year 1 Update:

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

End of Year 2 Update:

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

C. Goals:

1. Fewer youth and adults will abuse alcohol, and fewer problems related to alcohol will be seen in the community.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

D. Objectives:

1. Support prevention/education initiatives:
 - programs provided through the schools, other community organizations and businesses that cater to youth (i.e. pool halls, bowling allies, movie theaters, youth centers) with an emphasis on evidence based proven prevention strategies that carry a consistent message from year to year.
 - target earlier age onset of use (10 to 12 year olds).
 - prevention interventions for high-risk youth.
 - recruit new members to be involved with the LCC as well as develop methods to improve youth participation in all phases of the LCC operations as well as other community prevention projects.
 - increase public awareness and education of local issues and resources related to alcohol reduction, with special emphasis on parents and youth.
 - implement a social norms education campaign within the community.
 - reduce access to alcohol by working with alcohol providers to card, to limit alcohol marketing to adults, and to educate parents regarding the problems associated with the accessibility of alcohol in the home.
 - increase protective factors for youth to engage in healthy behaviors.
2. Support intervention/treatment initiatives:
 - identify people with addictions earlier and get into treatment.
 - increase treatment options for youth and adults in the county.
 - investigate resources for bringing additional treatment options to county residents including self-help support groups, halfway houses, etc.
 - community education on treatment options and efficacy.
 - education/information for law enforcement officers and other professionals on intervention techniques and resource referral
3. Support law enforcement/justice initiatives:
 - funding and personnel for criminal investigation related to alcohol crimes.
 - resources for law enforcement training programs.
 - resources for probation/court system training programs.
 - impaired driving prevention/education and enforcement programs.
 - provide support to law enforcement/justice agencies to collect data (inventory law enforcement agencies in county and assess data collection)

End of Year 1 Update:

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

End of Year 2 Update:

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

A. Problem Statement #2: Youth and adults in this county abuse prescription and over the counter drugs.

B. Supportive Data

Prevention/Education

1. Results from the 2014 community survey showed that 34.5% of Harrison County residents believe prescription abuse is one of the most difficult problems facing a teen in our community and parents reported that .8% believe that at least one child in their home had taken prescription drugs that had not been prescribed in the past 12 months.
2. 2013 ATOD student survey reported the following drug use indicated by eleventh graders:
 - Lifetime prescription abuse without a prescription: 13.8%, compared to the 12.2% state average (specific drugs were not indicated on this year's survey).
 - Lifetime over-the-counter drug use: 13.8%, compared to the 7.7% state average.
3. The 2014 community survey reported that .8% of adults admit to using prescription drugs without a doctor's order.
4. Approximately 25% of the Harrison County Alternative School student referrals in the 2013/2014 school year were for students using alcohol, tobacco or other drugs.

Treatment/Intervention

1. As of August 2014 The House of New Beginnings report 62 men entered their program and 11 successfully completed a six month stay.
2. Harrison County has 19 AA, 5 NA, and 2 Al-Anon meetings per week.
3. Lifespring's Harrison County office treated 21 people with direct substance abuse issues initial issues during Fiscal Year 2014. They still suspect more patients often divulge secondary substance abuse criteria as treatment evolves.
4. Brandon's House provided 189 counseling sessions for youth and their families from Harrison County with substance abuse issues in 2013.
5. Approximately 25% of the Harrison County Alternative School student referrals in the 2013/2014 school year were for students using alcohol, tobacco or other drugs.
6. Our Place reports that at the time of this report 10 juveniles had been referred to them for treatment.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.** The Harrison County Prosecutor's Office filed 25 Possession of Controlled Substance charges in 2013.
- 2.** The adult probation department reported as of August 2014 having 201 alcohol and drug related cases.
- 3.** The juvenile probation department estimated as of August 2013 having 250 juvenile cases of which 42 were substance abuse related.

C. Goals:

- 1.** Fewer youth and adults will abuse prescription and over the counter drugs, and fewer problems related to prescription and over the counter drugs will be seen in the community.

End of Year 1 Update:**Prevention/Education**

- 1.**
- 2.**
- 3.**
- 4.**

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.**
- 2.**
- 3.**
- 4.**
- 5.**
- 6.**

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.**
- 2.**
- 3.**

End of Year 2 Update:

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

C. Goals:

1. Fewer youth and adults will abuse prescription and over the counter drugs, and fewer problems related to prescription and over the counter drugs will be seen in the community.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

D. Objectives:

1. Support prevention/education initiatives:
 - programs provided through the schools, other community organizations and businesses that cater to youth (i.e. pool halls, bowling allies, movie theaters, youth center) with an emphasis on evidence based proven prevention strategies that carry a consistent message from year to year.
 - target earlier age onset of use (10 to 12 year olds).
 - prevention interventions for high-risk youth.
 - recruit new members to be involved with the LCC as well as develop methods to improve youth participation in all phases of the LCC operations as well as other community prevention projects.
 - increase public awareness and education of local issues and resources related to alcohol reduction, with special emphasis on parents and youth.

- implement a social norms education campaign within the community.
- reduce access to alcohol by working with alcohol providers to card, to limit alcohol marketing to adults, and to educate parents regarding the problems associated with the accessibility of alcohol in the home.
- increase protective factors for youth to engage in healthy behaviors.

2. Support intervention/treatment initiatives:

- identify people with addictions earlier and get into treatment.
- increase treatment options for youth and adults in the county.
- investigate resources for bringing additional treatment options to county residents including self-help support groups, halfway houses, etc.
- community education on treatment options and efficacy.
- development of INSIGHT intervention training for youth.
- education/information for law enforcement officers and other professionals on intervention techniques and resource referral

3. Support law enforcement/justice initiatives:

- funding and personnel for criminal investigation related to alcohol crimes.
- resources for law enforcement training programs.
- resources for probation/court system training programs.
- impaired driving prevention/education and enforcement programs.
- provide support to law enforcement/justice agencies to collect data (inventory law enforcement agencies in county and assess data collection)
- roadblocks

End of Year 1 Update:

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

End of Year 2 Update:

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

Prevention/Education

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Treatment/Intervention

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Law Enforcement/Justice

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Next Annual Update Due: September 2015

Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: September 2017

Disclaimer:

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

Terms and Conditions:

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

Initials: JLS

(4) Describe the grant process and requirements for the grantees:

Grant applications were advertised and distributed to potential grantees. Presentations were required and presented to a subcommittee who made grant request recommendations to the Coalition board. Once approved by the Coalition recommendations were submitted to ICJI.

Grantees are required to attend no less than six (6) LCC meetings during the calendar year following funding. They are also required to submit a grant report in January following funding validating how the funds were used and what was achieved.

(5) Provide administrative expenses (be specific):

| EXPENSE | COST |
|-----------------|----------|
| <i>None</i> | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| TOTAL(S) | 0 |

(6) Provide summary explanation of amount of any unused dollars from previous years:**(7) Additional Comments:**

N/A